

IT BRIGHTENS!

Our Banner, it brightens, it lights o'er the wave
Borne on by our heroes, the bold and the brave,
May its spangles of stars through its wavy folds shine,
Over all our broad land, as an emblem sublime.

The Phoenix of this world, with the nation of God!
Is the hero of the hour, who bowed 'neath the rod:
'Tis the cause of a nation, and a motive so great,
Can ne'er mingle its feelings with malice or hate.

Now the death angel's trump, o'er the ocean is blown
And the mantle of wrath o'er the heavens is thrown,
The spirit of light with their banners of flame,
Shall sweep like a whirlwind across the broad plain.

Then press to the conflict, shake out to the breeze,
Our ancient insignia, as through tropical seas,
The land voice of Liberty booms from our guns,
Lo! the mists of oppression clear from our suns.

SPRING OR SUMMER?

Swiftly the young Spring came,
Love is not dearer—
Whispered the Summer's name
As ever nearer.
Swiftly the young Spring fled—
Dawn is not fiercer—
Promisor or promised—
Heart! which was sweeter!

Farmers' Economy.

Farmers talk a great deal about economy. I know one who will go three miles out of his way, over a bad road, to save a few cents at the toll gate. Another, who is so economical of blacksmiths' expenses, that, instead of getting a tire set at the right time, will make it do a week or two longer, and some dark night may be found groping his way home with three wheels and a rail to his wagon, while a horse or two are unable to leave the stable on account of lameness, resulting from a misunderstanding of the word economy, as applied to shoeing horses. Many a man is so economical in the matter of boards for barns, stables, and sheds, that he builds them every year of corn and hay. These may be considered strange building materials, but what I state is true: If an animal is exposed to the storms and colds of winter, it will take one-half of the food it consumes to keep it as warm as it would be naturally in a good comfortable stable; the other half will just keep it along. So the half of the grain and hay is used for making a stable—expensive building materials, but this is the economy of some. It is not the economy, however, that I would recommend, nor that which will pay heavy war expenses.

EXISTENCE.—It is an unquestionable fact that those who are equally acquainted with, and equally capable of appreciating and enjoying both, do give a most marked preference to the manner of existence which employs their higher faculties. Few human creatures would consent to be changed into any of the lower animals for the promise of the fullest allowance of a beast's pleasures; no intelligent human being would consent to be a fool, no instructed person would be an ignoramus, no person of feeling and conscience would be selfish and base, even though they should be persuaded that the fool, the dunce or the rascal is better satisfied with his lot than they are with theirs. They would not resign what they possess more than he for the most complete satisfaction of all the cares which they have in common with him. If they ever fancy they would, it is only in cases of unhappiness so extreme that to escape from it they would exchange their lot for almost any other, however undesirable in their own eyes. A being of higher faculties requires more to make him happy; is capable, probably, of more acute suffering, and certainly accessible to it at more points than one of an inferior type; but in spite of these liabilities, he can never really wish to sink into what he feels to be a lower grade of existence.

A STRONG PUFF.—A Lancaster, Pa., critic, in describing the singing of a lady, says:

When she sings one of those exquisite ballads, the entire atmosphere changes, the ceilings, walls and air rain richest melodies, harmony springs from the floor and benches, and the audience is held spell-bound in harmonious enchantment, while music with its voluptuous swell falls from the artist's lips, naturally, and seemingly with as little effort as limpid waters bubble from the bosom of the earth.

SIGNIFICANT.—The New York World says that it is reported there that representatives of New Orleans houses have made their appearance in the dry goods market in that city, and augurs from the fact that the cause of the rebellion is on the eve of being abandoned by the common consent of the people of the commercial centers of the South. A Georgia dealer has also appeared in New York, and paved the way for a renewal of business by paying indebtedness incurred previous to the war.

DEW-DROPS.—The prospects for a good crop, both per acre and in the aggregate, were never so favorable in Kansas for this year. The farming interests begin to look quite encouraging, and there is, we trust, a glorious future yet in store for Kansas. All the spring wheat possible should be sown.—Topeka Tribune.

A lie always needs a truth for a handle to it. The worst lies are those whose handle is true and whose blade is false.

Almost every young lady is public spirited enough to be willing to have her father's house used as a court house.

Many who find the day too long, think life too short.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO ELECTIONS.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Marysville:

Section 1. That the regular annual election for Mayor, Aldermen and such other officers as by law or ordinance are required to be elected by the people shall be had on the first Monday of January in each year in the respective wards at such places as the mayor may direct.

Sec. 2. The mayor shall give ten days notice of the time and place of holding any general election and five days notice in case of special election.

3. The election (whether general or special) shall be held in each ward by three judges of election to be appointed by the mayor and aldermen.

Sec. 4. If upon opening the polls in either ward a vacancy shall exist in the judges of election, the electors present are hereby authorized to fill the vacancy from among those qualified to act.

Sec. 5. The Judges of any election shall before opening the polls appoint two suitable persons (qualified voters of the ward) to act as clerks of the election, who shall take and subscribe an oath faithfully and impartially to discharge the duties of clerks.

Sec. 6. Before receiving any votes the judges of each election shall severally take an oath or affirmation that they will support the constitution of the United States, the constitution of the State of Kansas, and will faithfully perform the duties of their office according to law; said oath or affirmation shall be in writing and shall be subscribed by the persons taking the same and may be administered by any person authorized to administer oaths, and shall be annexed and returned with the poll-books to the city clerk.

Sec. 7. At every election held under this ordinance the polls shall be opened at one and close at six o'clock P. M.

Sec. 8. The city clerk shall at least two days before the day set for holding any election deliver to one of the judges in each ward a ballot-box and blank poll books.

Sec. 9. The judges shall receive the ballot of each qualified voter offering to vote and deposit the same in the ballot-box which shall not be opened until the polls are closed and the clerks shall enter in the poll books in their hand the names of every person voting and that of each person who is rejected and opposite thereto, write the fact of such rejection, and the ballot so rejected shall be deposited in a separate box with the name of the voter indorsed thereon.

Sec. 10. The judges shall have the power to preserve order at the polls and to command the officers in attendance to arrest and take before the mayor any person who shall by violent and turbulent conduct in any other manner interfere with, hinder or disturb the judges or clerks in the discharge of their duties, or any voter exercising the privilege of voting, and for any such offense the offenders shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than two nor more than thirty dollars.

Sec. 11. At the close of the election or polls the judges shall proceed to call out the ballots and ascertain the number of votes given for each person voted for and shall continue the counting without intermission until all the ballots are counted, when they shall certify the aggregate number of votes cast for each person and their certificates shall be attested by the clerks. The rejected ballots shall also be examined and certified to in the same manner as the others.

Sec. 12. The ballots as they are counted shall be strung by one of the judges on a string or wire and at the close of the count shall be replaced in the ballot box which shall be safely locked and not opened by the judges or with their consent thereafter.

Sec. 13. At or before the hour of four in the afternoon of the day following that of any election the mayor shall deliver the ballot-boxes and poll-books to the city clerk, and the clerk shall forthwith deliver the same to the mayor and at least one of the judges of each ward (if a general election) or to the judges of each ward (if a special election) which ward the election was held, and the clerk shall certify the number of votes given for each person voted for and make a certificate of the same.

Sec. 14. The judges of each election shall be given to each person voted for a certificate of the same.

Sec. 15. If any judge or clerk of election shall refuse to perform the duties of his office, he shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than five nor more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 16. If any judge or clerk of election after entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall by sickness or other personal disability, be rendered unable to act, another may be appointed in his place. If a judge, by the qualified voters present, if a clerk, then the judges shall fill the vacancy; in such case the person substituted shall make oath as hereinbefore required and the fact of such substitution and the time it took place shall be noted on the poll-books.

Sec. 17. The judges or clerks of election shall not examine or suffer any one else to examine, the ballot of any voter handed in to be deposited in the ballot-box, before placing the same therein, nor shall they permit any one but the voting hands in the same or one of the judges to handle the ballot, nor shall they allow any person but one of the judges to handle the ballot-box under a penalty of not less than five nor more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 18. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to deliver a copy of this ordinance to at least one of the judges of each ward of this city at least one day previous to any election.

Sec. 19. When two or more persons shall have an equal number of votes for mayor or any other elective office in this city, the judges of the election shall certify the same to the city council who shall decide between them. The person who shall be declared elected in the following manner: they shall cause twelve separate ballots or slips of paper to be prepared, equal in size and similar in appearance with the name of each candidate written upon an equal number, and neatly folded, with the name upon the inside the slips so prepared shall be put into a box and well sealed, seven if said slips shall then be drawn by the city clerk and counted as votes and the person having the highest number of ballots thus drawn out shall be declared elected and a certificate of election shall be issued by the clerk to him in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 20. All free white males over the age of twenty-one years who shall be citizens of the United States or who shall have declared their intention to become such and who shall have resided in this city three months next preceding any election, shall be entitled to vote for city officers; and such persons shall vote in the wards in which they reside at the time of election.

Sec. 21. Every person who shall vote or offer to vote more than once at any election held in this city for city officers shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 22. If any person not a qualified voter under this ordinance shall knowingly and willfully vote at any election in this city for city officers he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 23. No person other than a qualified voter under this ordinance shall be entitled to challenge the right of any person to vote at any city election.

Sec. 24. If any person desires to contest the election of any person elected by the voters of this city, he shall file a written statement of his grounds with the city clerk within ten days after the election.

council at the first meeting after the election, the grounds of contest, and the council shall fix a time and place at which they will hear and determine said contest.

Sec. 25. The person making said contest shall within twenty-four hours after filing with the city council a notice of said contest, serve upon the person whose election he contests a similar notice of the grounds of contest, with the time and place at which the city council will hear and determine the same.

Sec. 26. At the time and place fixed by the city council they shall hear and determine said contest as in their judgment shall appear just and lawful and the decision rendered by the council shall be final and conclusive.

Sec. 27. The judges and clerks of election shall each be entitled to one dollar for each day they shall serve as such.

Approved August 12, 1861.
THOMAS W. WATERSON, Mayor.
P. H. PETERS, Clerk.

Business Cards.

DR. J. HENRY McDUGALL,
Tenders his professional service to the citizens of Marysville and surrounding country, OFFICE ON BROADWAY, one door south of A. E. Lovell's Store.
P. S. Records office in the same place. [n2]

HAWKINS & MAGILL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Marysville, Marshall Co., Kansas.

Magill will attend all Courts in the County. Hawkins will positively attend the District Court each term.
H. C. HAWKINS. J. S. MAGILL.

J. E. CLARDY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Notary Public & General Collecting & Land Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KANSAS.

Prompt attention given to the various kinds of business that may arise in the counties of Marshall, Pottawatomie and the counties thereunto attached. The best of references can be given.
March, 1862. n1f

J. D. BRUMBAUGH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—

NOTARY PUBLIC.
Marysville, Marshall Co. Kansas.

REFERS TO:
Messrs. Humphrey, Terry, & Co., and Derby & Day, St. Louis. Headly & Carr, Bowman & Co., Grimes & Carter, Atchison, K. T. Baker & Cushman; Fowler & Zeigler; Noah Walker & Co.; and Hon. John Thompson Mason, Baltimore, Md. Hon. Saml. D. LeCompte; Wm. G. Mathis; Perry & Lowe; and Clark, Gruber & Co., Bankers, Leavenworth, K. T. Lykins & Boyd; Van Lear & Britton, St. Joseph, Mo.

HENRY T. GEERY,
GENERAL LAND AGENT,
Junction City, Kansas.

Will locate Warrants on Kansas and Nebraska—give description from personal observation, as to location, as to land.

W. SANFORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Marysville, Kansas.

Will practice in this Judicial District.

ORDER OF SALE.
John S. Coddington, of State of Kansas,
John Frazier, of County of Marshall
vs.
John A. McClellan.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the 2nd district court in and for Marshall county, State of Kansas, and to me directed, dated March 28th, A. D. 1862, wherein John S. Coddington use of John Frazier is Plaintiff and John A. McClellan is Defendant, I will on Tuesday, the 6th day of May, A. D. 1862, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the court house door in Marysville, County of Marshall and State of Kansas, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash all the right, title and interest of the defendant, John A. McClellan, of in and to the following real estate to wit: Lot one (1) in block eleven (11) with the improvements thereon, as designated on the recorded plat of the town of Marysville in the county of Marshall, then Territory, new State of Kansas, fronting forty-four (44) feet on Broadway and running back seventy-two feet (72) according to Brewer's recorded plat of said town of Marysville, levied upon to satisfy said order of sale. Appraised at \$75.

G. D. SWEARINGEN, Sheriff.
J. E. Clardy, Plnt's atty.
Sheriff's Office, April 6, 1862. n2

Administrators Notice.
Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration were granted March 4, A. D. 1862, for the estate of James White, deceased of Marshall county, Kansas. And all persons having claims against said estate should exhibit them to the administrator for allowance, within one year after the date of the letter, or they will be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claim be not exhibited within three years from the date of the letter they will be forever barred.

SAMUEL MYERS,
Adm'r.
March 27, 1862.

THE UNION

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

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We are prepared to execute every description of

Book and Job Printing

No. 113 Broadway.

We are prepared to execute every description of

Book and Job Printing

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Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Hand Bills, Labels, Ball Tickets, &c., &c.

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Jacob Weisbach

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES, DRY-GOODS,

CLOTHING

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N. B.—We call the Attention

OF THE HUNGRY ONES

TO OUR BAKERY

Where we keep constantly on hand a fresh supply of

BREAD, CAKES,

And a glass of Lager to Wash them down.

JACOB WEISBACH.

St. Joseph Advertisements

STIX & ECKHART

No. 8, FELIX STREET.

Between 3rd and 4th streets.

Make their Money by

BUYING CHEAP, and SELLING CHEAP

STIX & ECKHART,

Have Received Their

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

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GREAT INDUCEMENTS

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THEY SELL

Elegant Fast Colored Prints, at 10 cts.

Rich Oil Prints at 5 cts.

Glasgow Gingham, at 5 cts.

Bleached Muslin, at 6 1/4 cts.

No. 1 Kid Gloves, 50 cts.

Ladies White Hose, 10 cts.

And all other Goods in Proportion.

Call and Judge for Yourself.

J. KINNEY & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Dealers

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WINE, LIQUORS, TEAS,

FLOUR, PLASTER PARIS,

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